



MCP-003-047501

Seat No. _____

B. Voc. (Pharma Analytical & QA) (Sem. V)

(CBCS) Examination

May / June - 2018

BVPAQA - 501 : Spectroscopy

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 047501

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

1 (a) Answer the following questions : 10

- (1) Define absorption spectroscopy.
- (2) Find out DBE for $C_6H_{10}O_3$ and possible number of double bond in it.
- (3) Give equation of Hooke's law.
- (4) Which type of solvent is used for UV spectroscopy ?
- (5) What is the value of nuclear spin for C^{13} atom ?
- (6) Define ionisation.
- (7) Define wavenumber.
- (8) Define σ_h .
- (9) Give structure of TMS.
- (10) Identify point group of $PtCl_4$.

(b) Answer the following questions : 20

- (1) Explain Coupling constant.
- (2) Give any four reasons that can cause chemical shift change.
- (3) Define nuclear and vibrational energy with its energy.
- (4) Give the only the expression for deflection of ion in mass spectrophotometer.
- (5) Give any four applications of UV spectroscopy.

- (6) Explain any two factors which can affect IR spectra.
- (7) Explain chemical ionization in mass spectroscopy.
- (8) When D is used in point group?
- (9) Explain importance of finger print region in IR spectroscopy.
- (10) Find the point group of $CHCl_3$ and CO_2 .

2 Answer the following questions : (any **four**) **20**

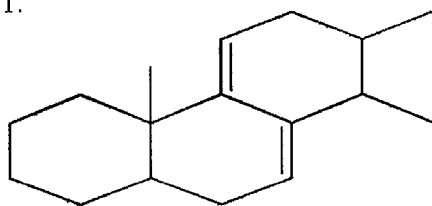
- (1) Why TMS is used as a reference in NMR spectroscopy ?
- (2) Explain fundamental modes of vibration in IR spectroscopy.
- (3) Explain the types of transition that take place in UV spectroscopy and give its decreasing order of energy.
- (4) Explain different peak observed in Mass spectra.
- (5) Find out the structure of the molecule from the following data: Molecular formula $C_9H_{12}O$
IR : 3335(b), 2960, 2829, 1615, 1498, 1455, 1057, 1026, 743, 697 cm^{-1} NMR :
 - (a) Quintet $\delta=1.88$ (2H)
 - (b) Triplet $\delta=2.56$ (2H)
 - (c) Triplet $\delta=2.75$ (2H)
 - (d) Singlet $\delta=3.5$ (1H)
 - (e) Singlet $\delta=7.15$ (5H)
- (6) Describe different symmetry elements with an example.

3 Answer the following questions : (any **four**)

20

- (1) Discuss multiplication table of H_2O and its point group.
- (2) Explain in detail Overtone and Fermiresonance.
- (3) Explain magnetic anisotropy observed in benzene and acetylene in NMR spectroscopy.
- (4) Explain instrumentation of UV spectroscopy.
- (5) Explain Mclafferty rearrangement with mechanism taking place in Mass spectra.
- (6) Find out the λ max of the following molecules from the UV spectroscopy data :

1.



2.

